Less Traditional - More Conceptual: Enhancing Student Learning in First-Year Biology

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1. Rationale for moving from traditional to conceptual organization in first-year biology

2. Creating a classroom environment that encourages learning

3. Research design and participants

4. Research Findings

5. Next Steps
Traditional Organization of the Biology Curriculum

Core courses introduce “disciplines”, not biology

Integrated Understanding of Core Concepts
Student and Faculty Perspectives of Core Courses

**Students**

- Repetition from high school and between core courses
- Focus on memorization of a LOT of detail
- Links between courses weak
- Few opportunities for feedback on lecture content
- Lab experience could be improved

**Faculty**

- Some content repeated in several different courses
- Content delivered not clearly “core” knowledge
- Knowledge transfer between courses weak
- Inconsistent learning experience between courses
- Lab experience not “authentic” in all courses
Traditional Organization of the Biology Curriculum

Core courses introduce “disciplines”, not biology

Integrated Understanding of Core Concepts
Conceptual Organization of the Biology Curriculum

Core Concepts
Core Concepts for Biological Literacy

Evolution

Structure and Function

Information Flow, Exchange and Storage

Pathways and Transformation of Energy and Matter

Systems

Core Competencies & Disciplinary Practice

Applying the Process of Science

Quantitative Reasoning

Modeling and Simulation

Tapping into Interdisciplinarity

Communication and Collaboration

Relating Science and Society

Organizing the First-Year Biology Curriculum

Energy Flow in Biological Systems

DNA, Inheritance and Evolution

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Using Class Time for Learning not just Listening

Learn before Lecture Activities

Weekly quiz or online tutorial guided by desired learning outcomes.

Using Class Time for Learning not just Listening

Case Studies

Membranes and Ecstasy

Rotenone/Arsenic Poisoning and Respiration

Energetics of Vampire Bats

Jellyfish Blooms - Ecosystem Energetics

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Using Class Time for Learning not just Listening

Concept-Based Questioning
- In-class assignments
- Clickers

Why does the rate of glucose consumption change after cells are placed in the anaerobic environment?

Figure 1: Change in Rate of Glucose Consumption by a Facultative Anaerobe Transferred from an Aerobic Environment to an Anaerobic Environment
Using Class Time for Learning not just Listening

Learn before Lecture

Case Studies

Concept-Based Questioning
  In-class assignments
  Clickers
  Written exam questions

Scaffolds for Developing Complex Skills

Focusing goals in

Reading and using primary literature

Writing lab report elements

Focus on experimental design
Investigating the Impact of Course Redesign

What motivates our students?

How do students approach learning new information?

What do our students already know about energy?

What do our students already know about how science is done?

What experiences/challenges did they have?

How much did they learn?

Learning Orientations component of Experiences of Teaching & Learning Questionnaire (ETLQ)

ASSIST – Approaches to Study Skills Inventory for Students

Concept Pre-Test
  Multiple Choice and Written Questions

Science Process Skills Pre-Test

ETLQ - Experiences of Teaching & Learning Questionnaire

Concept Post-Test

Science Process Skills Post-Test

Energy pre/post-test multiple choice questions from Biological Concept Inventory, Photosynthesis and Respiration Diagnostic Question Clusters. Written question similar to Bissell AN, Lemons PP. 2006. Bioscience 56(1):66-72. Information on ASSIST and ETLQ surveys can be found at http://www.etl.tla.ed.ac.uk
Research Design and Participants

**Traditional Course: Biology 231**
Evaluated in Fall 2010
2 Lecture Sections
67.6% participation (716 consented/1059 total)
Mean age 18.6; Female 64.3%/Male 35.7%

**Concept-Based Course: Biology 241**
Evaluated in both Fall 2011 and Fall 2012
3 Lecture Sections

F11: 82.7% participation (927 consented/1121 total)
F12: 87.0% participation (963 consented/1107 total)
Mean age 18.9; Female 63.3%/Male 36.9%
What motivates our students?

Responses from 2602 students in first-year biology.

No differences between courses, terms or lecture section were found (All p values <0.0001).
What motivates our students?

- Intrinsic
- Social
- Career
- Lack of Purpose
How do our students approach learning new information?

Deep Approach
Strategic Approach
Surface Approach

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What experiences/challenges did they have?

- The ideas and problems I had to learn.
- The skills or technical procedures needed in this subject.
- Organizing and being responsible for my own learning

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How much did they learn?

* Students come into first year biology with weak conceptual understandings of energy, evolution and information
* Students learn substantially more in concept-based courses

Analysis of Written Concept Questions

In the 1940s, some physicians prescribed low doses of a drug called dinitrophenol (DNP) to help patients lose weight. The use of DNP as a “diet” pill was abandoned after a number of patients died. DNP works by uncoupling the machinery of the mitochondria by making the lipid bilayer of the inner mitochondrial membrane leaky to H\(^+\). If someone took too high a dose of DNP or used DNP for a prolonged period of time, why might this drug be lethal?
Analysis of Written Concept Questions

Having the higher concentration of the H\(^+\) would make the cell become more acidic creating the spread and damage...

"This would increase the pH of the mitochondria and cause blood pH to be less than normal"

Student BIOL231-001

It would cause an overflow of H\(^+\) in the mitochondria causing it to explode...

"If the mitochondrial membrane became leaky to H\(^+\), the mitochondria would actually have more H\(^+\) inside than outside. This would result in osmisos [sic], where the H\(^+\) would be transported outside the cell. It would also mean that fluid would be transported out, causing the cell to have less fluid then outside. The cell would shilver [sic] (get smaller) and eventually die."

Student BIOL241-001

Issues of pH? Scale?
Compartmentation?

Osmosis? Scale?
Compartmentation?
Next Steps...

- Complete analysis of written concept questions.

- Development of new multiple choice questions to incorporate newly found misconceptions.

- Development of visualization activities to help students understand compartmentation and scale in terms of cell biology.

- Complete analysis for DNA, Inheritance and Evolution course.
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