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- **3** Identification of cold-responsive genes in a New Zealand alpine stick insect
- 4 using RNA-Seq
- 5

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21 Abstract

- 22 The endemic New Zealand alpine stick insect *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2 regularly experiences sub-zero
- 23 temperatures in the wild. 454-based RNA-Seq was used to generate a *de novo* transcriptome and
- 24 differentiate between treatments to investigate the genetic basis of cold tolerance. Non cold-treated
- 25 individuals were compared to those exposed to 0 °C for 1 h followed by a 1 h recovery period at 20 °C.
- 26 We aligned 607,410 Roche 454 reads, generating a transcriptome of 5,235 contigs. Differential
- 27 expression analysis ranked candidate cold responsive genes for qPCR validation by *P*-value. The top nine
- 28 up-regulated candidates, together with eight *a priori* targets identified from previous studies, had their
- 29 relative expression quantified using qPCR. Three candidate cold responsive genes from the RNA-Seq
- 30 data were verified as significantly up-regulated, annotated as: *prolyl 4-hydroxylase subunit alpha-1*
- 31 (P4HA1), staphylococcal nuclease domain-containing protein 1 (snd1) and cuticular protein analogous to
- 32 *peritrophins 3-D2 (Cpap3-d2)*. All three are novel candidate genes, illustrating the varied response to
- 33 low temperature across insects.
- 34
- 35 Keywords: stick insect,

36

37 1. Introduction

38

39 Temperature is a critical variable affecting the performance and distribution of insects (Chown and 40 Nicolson, 2004). The New Zealand alpine zone was formed approximately 5 Mya ago during the 41 Kaikoura Orogeny (Batt and Braun, 1999; Batt et al., 2000; Chamberlain and Poage 2000). This recent 42 origin has led to substantial adaptive radiation with all major New Zealand insect lineages represented 43 in alpine habitats (Buckley and Simon, 2007); in particular, the incidence of alpine stick insects (order 44 Phasmatodea) is globally unusual (Salmon, 1991). Out of the 23 endemic New Zealand species from 10 45 genera (Buckley and Bradler, 2010), only *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2 (Voucher specimen NZAC03009458 from 46 New Zealand Arthropod Collection, Landcare Research, Auckland, New Zealand) is exclusively found at 47 high elevations (600 to 1,409 m above sea level). This species inhabits the mountain ranges of the 48 north-west South Island, which regularly experience sub-zero temperatures throughout the year 49 (Salmon, 1991). All life stages of this species overwinter (A.B. Dennis and L.T. Dunning, unpublished 50 observations), with those alive at the end of the summer capable of surviving through until spring. 51 At low temperatures all insects need to mitigate problems associated with reduced cell membrane 52 fluidity (Overgaard et al., 2005), changes in ion concentration (Koštál et al., 2007), induction of 53 apoptotic pathways and other non-freezing cold injuries (Bale, 2002). In addition, lower sub-freezing 54 temperatures lead to a risk of internal ice formation, against which cold-hardy alpine insects adopt 55 freeze avoidant or freeze tolerant strategies (Wharton, 2011). In New Zealand, the majority of alpine 56 insects survive by being moderately freeze tolerant with no incidence of freeze avoidance currently 57 recorded (Wharton, 2011). Nothing is known about cold tolerance in any stick insects. 58 Very little is known concerning the genes underpinning cold tolerance in cold-hardy insects, as most 59 studies focus on chill-susceptible Drosophila species (Hoffmann, 2010). However, Drosophila studies 60 have identified a number of candidate genes associated with the molecular response to cold. The most 61 prominent include heat shock proteins (Qin et al., 2005) and the Frost gene (Goto, 2001). A plethora of 62 other genes and proteins have also been identified as up-regulated in response to low temperature in a 63 variety of insects, with functions related to stress, metabolism, cuticles, membranes, gene regulation, 64 cytoskeletal and immune function (Denlinger and Lee, 2010; Teets et al., 2012). Many of those identified do not overlap between species (Qin et al., 2005; Colinet et al., 2007; Robich et al., 2007; 65 66 Clark and Worland, 2008; Li and Denlinger, 2008; Denlinger and Lee, 2010); we expect that this diversity 67 reflects interspecific variation in response to cold, and is not solely a product of differing methodologies. Additionally, cold tolerance is plastic over both short-term (rapid cold hardening; Lee 68 69 et al., 1987) and long-term (seasonal acclimation) temporal scales. Gene expression is not essential for 70 this plasticity (Sinclair et al., 2007) but underpins long term responses to, preparation for, and recovery

from cold-shock. To fully comprehend the molecular mechanisms underpinning the variation in insect responses to the cold there is a need to extend genome-based studies beyond the Diptera, in particular to include insects that experience sub-zero temperatures in the wild.

High-throughput sequencing (HTS) and RNA-Seq have allowed the investigation of species that are not
established genetic models, yet display adaptations that make them pertinent to an array of ecological
and physiological questions (Wang et al., 2009). However, RNA-Seq is still to be applied explicitly to cold
tolerant insects and their response to low temperature (Storey and Storey, 2012). Methods previously

- adopted to identify genes differentially expressed as a consequence of low temperature include cDNA
- 79 library screening (Bilgen *et al.*, 2001), suppressive subtractive hybridisation (SSH; Rinehart *et al.*, 2007;
- 80 Robich et al., 2007) microarrays (Qin et al., 2005; Laayouni et al., 2007; Sørensen et al., 2007; Purać et
- 81 *al.*, 2008; Zhang *et al.*, 2011; Teets *et al.*, 2012) and quantitative real-time PCR (qPCR; Clark and
- 82 Worland, 2008). Although microarrays have the potential to provide whole-transcriptome snapshots,
- the ability to identify novel transcriptional profiles associated with cold tolerance is limited by the
- original starting material used to construct a cDNA array (Wang *et al.,* 2009). Even with genome-based
- 85 arrays (such as those used for *Drosophila*), there is a limited ability to distinguish between splice
- variants, patterns of allelic expression and to quantify low abundant transcripts (Wang *et al.,* 2009). By
- 87 applying HTS to insects across a range of cold-tolerance phenotypes it will not only be possible to
- 88 uncover novel genes but also allow the development of a more complete picture of the complexity and
- 89 common features that underlie insect cold tolerance.
- In this study, we use HTS and *de novo* transcriptome alignment to identify novel candidate genes
 associated with recovery from cold-shock in *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2, a cold-hardy stick insect currently
 lacking genomic resources.
- 93

94 2. Materials and Methods

95

96 2.1 Field collections

97 Alpine Micrarchus nov. sp. 2 specimens were collected from Sewell Peak, the Paparoa Range, New 98 Zealand (42° 24.312 S, 171° 20.585 E, elevation 822 m). Samples for HTS at the University of Otago, HTS 99 at Landcare Research and quantitative RT-PCR (qPCR) were collected on the 20/03/2009, 11/02/2011 100 and 27/01/2012, respectively. At Sewell Peak, temperatures in late summer can still drop to a few 101 degrees above freezing (A.B. Dennis and T.R. Buckley, unpubl. observations). Collections were 102 transported live to Landcare Research, Auckland. They were kept en masse in a vivarium for a minimum 103 period of 3 weeks for acclimatisation in 12:12 light:dark cycle under ambient room temperature and 104 humidity prior to experimentation. A constant diet of freshly collected pohutukawa (Metrosideros 105 excelsa) was provided. All subsequent procedures were performed exclusively on adult females.

4

107 *2.2 Cold-shock treatments*

108 The control groups were snap frozen in liquid nitrogen directly from approximately 20 °C. Cold-shock 109 experiments were performed immediately afterwards. The stick insects were held at 0 °C for 1 h in 50 110 mL Falcon tubes that had been pre-immersed in ice baths. A 1 h recovery at approximately 20 °C 111 followed this treatment. Previous studies associating cold exposure to gene expression have used a 112 similar temperature and recovery period (Goto, 2001; Sinclair et al., 2007; Teets et al., 2012). We 113 expect that *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2 would potentially encounter 0 °C in the field at any time of year (A.B. 114 Dennis & T.R. Buckley, unpublished observations). All insects survived the treatment and were moving in a coordinated fashion at the end of the recovery period. Insects were then directly snap frozen and 115 116 stored at -80 °C.

117

118 2.3 RNA extraction and cDNA synthesis

119 All experiments used the head, antennae and prothorax of the animals. These were removed with 120 sterilised scalpel blades and ground in liquid nitrogen using a mortar and pestle. mRNA was extracted using Dynabeads mRNA DIRECT[™] Kit (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA; cat. no. 610.06) following the 121 122 manufacturer's protocol, with one amendment; samples were passed through QIAshredder columns 123 (Qiagen, Hilden, Germany, cat. no. 79656) for sample homogenisation and DNA shearing. RNA quantity 124 was determined by spectrophotometry prior to cDNA library construction (Roche, Mannheim, 125 Germany, "cDNA Rapid Library Preparation Method Manual-GS FLX Titanium Series", October 2009 126 (Rev. Jan 2010)). Individual libraries were tagged with MID-labelled primers during preparation. cDNA 127 Libraries were sent to the University of Otago High-Throughput DNA Sequencing Unit for purification 128 and sequencing on a Roche 454 GS FLX sequencer.

129 To increase the number of reads for *de novo* transcriptome assembly, two additional samples were

130 sequenced at Landcare Research (Auckland). Total RNA was extracted using the TRIzol (Invitrogen, cat.

no. 15596-018) RNA isolation method, followed by mRNA purification using the Oligotex mRNA Spin-

132 Column Protocol (Qiagen, Hilden, Germany, cat. no. 70022). Quality and concentration of RNA

133 extractions was assessed using a NanoDrop ND-1000 spectrophotometer (NanoDrop Technologies,

134 Wilmington, DE, USA) and an Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer (Agilent Technologies, Palo Alto, CA, USA). cDNA

135 libraries were constructed using the cDNA Rapid Library Preparation Manual Method (Roche,

136 Mannheim, Germany, GS Junior Titanium Series, May 2010 (Rev. June 2010)). Individual libraries were

137 tagged with MID-labelled primers during preparation. Library quality was assessed using the Agilent

138 2100 Bioanalyzer and TBS 380 Fluorometer (Turner Biosystems, Sunny-vale, CA, USA). Sequencing was

139 performed on a 454 GS Junior (Roche, Mannheim, Germany).

140 For qPCR samples, total RNA was extracted using TRIzol (Invitrogen, cat. no. 610.06) according to the 141 manufacturer's protocol. A further RNA clean-up was performed using the RNeasy Mini Kit (Qiagen, cat. 142 no. 74104). Quality and concentration of RNA extractions were assessed using a NanoDrop ND-1000 spectrophotometer. Contaminating DNA was removed using the Ambion DNA- $free^{TM}$ DNase Treatment 143 144 kit (Invitrogen, cat. no. AM1906). The first strand cDNA synthesis used the SuperScript III First Strand Kit 145 (Invitrogen, cat. no. 18080-051). Successful DNase treatment and cDNA preparation were verified using 146 post and pre cDNA synthesis samples as a template for PCR. Glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P, F1 = 5'-147 TGCCAGGCAGTTGGTGGTGC-3', R1 = 5'-ATTCGGCCGCATCGGTCGCC-3'), which amplifies products from 148 both genomic DNA and cDNA (442 bp), was used to check for successful removal of genomic DNA from 149 pre cDNA synthesis templates. Enolase primers (ENO, F1 = 5'-AGCACTACCACGGAAAGGGGGT-3', R1 = 5'-150 ACCATGGTGCCCCAGCCATT-3') amplify an approximately 1,000 bp product from cDNA only and 151 successful amplification was an indication of cDNA quality. PCRs consisted of 2.5 µL of 2mM dNTP 152 (Roche, Mannheim, Germany), 1 μL of 10 μM bovine serum albumin (Sigma-Aldrich, St Louis, MO, USA), 153 2.5 µL of 10X FastStart Taq DNA Polymerase PCR Buffer with MgCl2 (Roche), 1.5 U FastStart Taq DNA 154 Polymerase (Roche) and 10 pmol of the forward and reverse primers (Sigma-Aldrich) in a total volume 155 of 25 µL. Amplifications were performed on a GeneAmp PCR system 9700 thermal cycler (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA) using the following parameters: 5 min at 95 °C; 40 cycles of 1 min at 156 94 °C, 1 min at 60 °C and 1 min at 72 °C; and 10 min at 72 °C. Successful amplification was assessed by 157 gel electrophoresis on 1% agarose gels containing 0.5 mg mL⁻¹ ethidium bromide. 158

159

160 *2.4 454 transcriptome alignment*

161 Sequences were cleaned, trimmed and aligned using Newbler GS De novo Assembler (V. 2.5.3). 162 Redundancy within the alignment was removed using the Geneious (Drummond et al., 2012) de novo 163 assembler with two different sequence similarity cut-offs (custom sensitivity with default parameters, 164 minimum overlap = 40 bp and sequence similarity = 100% or 90%). Reassembled Isotigs (putative genes 165 and their splice variants) are subsequently referred to as contigs and were manually checked to assess 166 validity and to ensure they were not the result of repetitive DNA (e.g. microsatellites). The alignment was annotated using Blast2GO (Conesa *et al.*, 2005) on the 4th of September 2011 167 against the nr and SwissProt databases (minimum e-value cut-off $< 1^{-10}$). To identify non annotated 168 169 contigs selected for qPCR verification from the differential expression (DE) analysis, the contig 170 sequences were searched against an unpublished Illumina transcriptome from the same species (L.T. 171 Dunning *et al.* unpublished). Any matching Illumina contigs that were longer were subsequently

- 172 searched against the SwissProt and nr databases.
- 173
- 174 2.5 Sequence counts and differential expression

175 Sequence counts for each individual contig were generated by mapping the Newbler-trimmed data 176 back onto the alignment using PanGEA (v. 1.04) (Kofler et al., 2009). Reads retained for further analysis 177 had to map unambiguously to one contig, have a minimum alignment length of 40 bp, incorporate 178 >20% of the read length and a minimum sequence similarity of 85%. To be considered for subsequent 179 DE analysis each contig had to have a combined total of at least ten counts. 180 DE analysis in R (V. 2.13.0) (R Development Core Team, 2012) used DESeq (V. 1.4.1) (Anders and Huber, 181 2010), edgeR (V. 2.2.5) (Robinson et al., 2010) and baySeq (V. 1.6.0) (Hardcastle and Kelly, 2010) 182 packages. DESeq and edgeR are similar exact test approaches, whereas baySeq employs a Bayesian 183 method to assign likelihoods to specified models. All methods use the negative binomial distribution 184 that compensates for higher levels of biological than technical variation. Raw counts were normalised 185 for library size using the calcNormFactors and estimateSizeFactors functions in edgeR and DESeq, 186 respectively. The quantile normalised counts from edgeR were used for subsequent analysis in baySeq. 187 In edgeR both common and the more stringent tagwise dispersion methods for estimating DE were 188 used. Two models were specified for analysis in baySeq; equal expression between all samples and 189 differential expression between the control and cold-shocked treatments. baySeg calculated DE with 190 and without transcript length as an additional normalisation factor. Analysis was performed with 191 10,000 iterations and 100 bootstraps.

192

193 2.6 qPCR verification

194 The results of the DE analysis were ranked by *P*-value or likelihood depending on the R package used. 195 Subsequent qPCR verification of candidate cold tolerance genes was performed. Eight a priori genes 196 (Table 3) identified as differentially expressed or with a possible role in cold tolerance from previous 197 studies found in the *de novo* transcriptome were also targeted, along with *alkb5* (selected by eye from 198 corrected sequence counts). In addition, three stably expressed genes identified by DE analysis (P-value 199 > 0.8; > 1,000 counts) across treatments were selected as references to normalise relative expression 200 levels among genes. These were: glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase 2 (q3p2), paramyosin 201 long form (mysp1) and elongation factor 1-alpha 2 (ef1a2). Primers were designed with stringent 202 criteria using the Primer3 (Rozen and Helen, 2000) plugin in Geneious (Drummond et al., 2012). All primers had a Tm of 59-61 °C (except NADH_F1 Tm = 57.62 °C), GC content between 40-60%, were 18-203 204 25 base pairs long and amplify a product between 60-150 bp in length (Supplementary material A). 205 qPCR was performed using LightCycler 480 SYBR Green I Master mix (Roche, Mannheim, Germany, cat. 206 no. 04707516001), 0.25 μ M each primer and approximately 5 ng of template cDNA with a total reaction 207 volume of 10 µl. Reactions were carried out on a LightCycler 480 (Roche, Mannheim, Germany) with the 208 default cycling parameters and 60 °C annealing temperature. Two treatments (control versus cold-209 shock) with three biological repeats, each with three technical repeats and three negative controls

210 were, carried out per gene. All genes were analysed in two 384-well plates. A preliminary run and 211 subsequent melting curve analysis was used to exclude genes where more than one product was 212 amplified. Quantification cycle (C_{α}) values for each reaction were calculated using LinRegPCR 213 (Ramakers et al., 2003). Primer efficiencies were calculated on average for each gene. Technical 214 replicates where the efficiency was greater than 5% of the mean were excluded from subsequent 215 analysis. The most suitable reference genes and normalisation factors were calculated using geNorm 216 (Vandesompele et al., 2002) based on the geometric means. For the first plate ef1a2 and mysp1 were 217 selected and for the second plate g3p2 and mysp1 were used. An approximate Pfaffl (Pfaffl, 2001) 218 method generated relative amounts of each target gene. The raw relative expression values were 219 natural log transformed and a one tailed t-test used to access significant differential expression 220 between treatments.

221

222 3. Results

223

238

224 3.1 Transcriptome generation

225 Four individually-tagged cDNA libraries, each constructed from the head, antennae and prothorax of a 226 single Micrarchus nov. sp. 2, were sequenced on the Roche 454 GS FLX platform producing a total of 227 524,120 sequences (Table 1). This dataset was supplemented with a further 83,112 Roche 454 GS 228 Junior sequences from two cDNA libraries constructed from the head, antennae and prothorax of 229 additional individuals. The resulting 607,410 sequences comprised 291,936,440 nucleotides with a 230 median read length of 482 bp (mean = 481; SD = 112). Raw data were submitted to the National Centre 231 for Biotechnology and Information (NCBI) (Sequence Read Archive (SRA) submission number 232 SRA057228). After trimming to remove bases with low quality scores, adapters and MID barcodes 233 there were 514,993 (84.79%) sequences, 150,267,849 (51.47%) nucleotides and a median sequence 234 length of 313 bp (mean = 292; SD = 99). 235 An initial Newbler alignment produced 5,827 isotigs longer than 50 bp with a median length of 593 bp 236 (mean = 843; SD 928). These belonged to 4,490 isogroups (putative genes). To remove redundancy the 237 alignment was reassembled using the Geneious de novo assembler (Drummond et al., 2012) which

data with a median contig length of 588 bp (mean = 819; SD 884). The longest contig was 20,518 bp

reduced the number of contigs to 5,235. This new alignment incorporated 78% of the original sequence

- 240 (BLASTx to SwissProt identified this contig as a cDNA encoding Twitchin). 1,058 contigs were longer
- than 1,000 bp and 3,240 contigs were greater than 500 bp. Sequence counts were generated by
- 242 mapping the Newbler trimmed reads back onto the alignment. Between 65 67% of raw reads (total =
- 243 327,870 sequences) for each sample mapped back to 2,602 contigs that had a combined total at least
- ten counts; these were used for subsequent differential expression analysis.

The complete *de novo* transcriptome was annotated (with an *E*-value $< 1^{-10}$) using three approaches: (1) 245 246 BLASTn against the non redundant (nr) protein database identified 2,630 (50 %) contigs, (2) BLASTx 247 against nr database identified 2,060 (39 %) contigs and (3) BLASTx against the SwissProt database 248 identified 1,991 (38 %) contigs. All contigs are subsequently referred to by their top BLAST match. 249 Nineteen of the 20 most commonly hit species for the lowest *E*-value BLASTx match against the nr 250 database (Figure 1) were insects, apart from Daphnia pulex. In spite of polyA selection during cDNA 251 library preparation, a substantial number of rRNA sequences remained (17-22% of reads from each 252 sample were identified as 18S and 28S rRNA).

253

254 3.2 Expression analysis

255 Relative mRNA abundances were compared between cold-exposed (1 h at 0 °C followed by 1 h at 20 °C) 256 and control (kept at 20 °C throughout) individuals to identify differentially-expressed candidate cold-257 responsive genes. Using edgeR with common dispersion two down-regulated contigs were detected 258 (adjusted *P*-value of < 0.05) during recovery from cold-shock. The other tests did not reveal any further 259 candidates with the limited biological replication (n = 2) resulting in high false discovery rates. A 260 relaxation of the stringency to uncorrected P-value was permitted as qPCR should identify any false 261 positives. Using edgeR with common dispersion 168 contigs were identified as differentially expressed (94 up, 74 down, P-value < 0.05) (Figure 2). The edgeR with tagwise dispersion analysis identified 106 262 differentially expressed contigs (56 up, 50 down, P-value < 0.05). DESeq identified 10 differentially 263 264 expressed contigs (7 up, 3 down, P-value < 0.05). The baySeq analyses identified 2 up-regulated contigs 265 (likelihood > 0.80). A full list of all significant differentially regulated genes can be found in 266 Supplementary material C. 267 Up-regulated contigs during recovery from cold-shock were ranked by *P*-value, with the top four from

- 268 each of the five analyses shown in **Table 2** (n = 11 due to redundancy between results). No common
- 269 contig was identified by the five approaches, but *staphylococcal nuclease domain-containing protein* 1
- (*snd1*) was in the top four differentially expressed contigs for at least one of the analyses in the three R
 packages implemented (edgeR, DESeq and baySeq).
- 272

273 3.3 qPCR verification

- 274 Of the eleven candidates identified from RNA-Seq differential expression analysis as up-regulated
- 275 (Table 2), nine were verified using qPCR with samples from new biological replicates (n=3) exposed to
- the same treatments. Of the nine genes, three were statistically significantly up-regulated in cold-
- 277 exposed individuals (Figure 3). These were prolyl 4-hydroxylase subunit alpha-1 (P4HA1, P-value =
- 278 0.0327), snd1 (P-value = 0.0065) and cuticular protein analogous to peritrophins 3-D2 (Cpap3-d2, P-

value = 0.0469). None of the eight cold-responsive genes (Table 3) selected *a priori* from the literature
were significantly differentially expressed (Figure 3).

281

282 4. Discussion

283

This study exploits recent developments in HTS and *de novo* transcriptomics to investigate the genetic basis of cold tolerance in an alpine New Zealand stick insect. This is the first study to apply RNA-Seq specifically to cold-hardy insects and their response to mild cold exposure. No prior assumption or genomic information was required to discover three novel cold-responsive genes.

288 We identified three robust candidate genes that are up-regulated in response to a mild cold shock in 289 Micrarchus nov. sp. 2. These genes are snd1, P4HA1 and Cpap3-d2 and are associated with 290 transcription, amino acid metabolism and cuticular organisation, respectively. As such, these new 291 candidates differ in function from those identified in other insect species. The low number of genes 292 identified in our study may be due to the response by gene expression response to cold being slow, 293 although in Drosophila the window of acute gene expression response to cold-shock starts to decline 294 after three hours (Sinclair et al., 2007). We note that few genes with acute responses to cold exposure 295 have been identified in Drosophila (Qin et al., 2005), and that longer recovery leads to the up-regulation 296 of different gene sets in that species (Zhang *et al.*, 2011). The limited biological replication (n = 2) for 297 the RNA-Seq and differential expression analysis likely led to a high false discovery rate. However, the 298 conservative two-tier approach of RNA-Seq coupled with subsequent qPCR validation corrects for Type 299 1 error and allows confidence in the three cold-responsive genes we identified. However, it is likely 300 that with further power and a wider range of treatment and recovery conditions, it will be possible to

301 identify additional cold-responsive genes in this species.

302 No orthologues selected *a priori* from the literature showed differential expression in response to cold 303 exposure in Micrarchus nov. sp. 2. However, because of the small number of transcriptomic studies 304 outside of Diptera, coupled with few studies using cold-hardy species, we are unable to determine 305 whether this difference is because hemimetabolous insects and Diptera have different responses to 306 cold, or due to 0 °C being a relatively mild cold stress for an alpine insect. Data loggers (A.B. Dennis & 307 T.R. Buckley, unpublished observations) indicate that temperatures in the microhabitat are quite stable 308 near 0 °C beneath snow pack and that (even in the summer) 0 °C is a temperature experienced during a 309 cold night, suggesting that 0 °C is ecologically-relevant for this species. We are also unable to 310 determine whether the observed changes indicate a repair response to damage, or a preparatory 311 response associated with acclimation to cold. As the RNA-Seq approach becomes more widely 312 adopted, it will be possible to compare cold responses in a phylogenetic context, helping to address 313 some of these questions.

315 *4.1 Cold-responsive genes*

316 The snd1 gene encodes a complex, six-domain, multifunctional protein with many biological functions 317 (Ying and Chen, 2012; Sundstrom et al., 2009). Snd1 is cleaved by caspase-3-like enzymes in apoptosis 318 (Sundstrom et al., 2009). Rapid cold-hardening in Drosophila reduces apoptosis and lowers caspase-3-319 like protein levels (Yi *et al.*, 2007), and we speculate that elevated expression of *snd1* in cold-shocked 320 Micrarchus nov. sp. 2 may be associated with this process. In other organisms the snd1 protein is also 321 associated with the accumulation of mRNA into stress granules (Gao et al., 2010; Weissbach and 322 Scadden, 2012) and the cleavage of double-stranded RNA (Caudy et al., 2003). Thus, it is possible that 323 snd1 expression is part of a general stress response in Micrarchus nov. sp. 2, rather than being 324 specifically cold-related. Further experiments monitoring the response of *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2 to other 325 abiotic stresses could identify if up-regulation of *snd1* is cold-specific. 326 PAHA1 encodes an oxidoreductase enzyme catalysing the hydroxylation of proline to hydroxyproline 327 during the maturation of collagen, and possibly other proteins (Mann et al., 1996; Shoulders and 328 Raines, 2009; Gorres and Raines, 2010). The PAHA1 enzyme also modifies proline residues of incorrectly 329 folded collagen after stress in human cells (Vonk et al., 2010). Thus, increased expression of the PAHA1 330 gene in Micrarchus nov. sp. 2 might be associated with stabilisation or the refolding of proteins that 331 were denatured by the cold-shock treatment, or to stabilise structural peptides in anticipation of future 332 cold exposures. 333 The final robust candidate we identified was Cpap3-d2, which has been previously identified in genome 334 sequences of Tribolium castaneum, Nasonia vitipennis and Acyrthosiphon pisum (Jasrapuria et al., 335 2010). Cpap3-d2 is associated with the epidermal cuticle of T. castaneum, and different Cpap 336 transcripts appear to affect the rigidity of the cuticle in the elytra and hindwings (Jasrapuria et al., 2010; 337 Dittmer et al., 2011). Increased expression of cuticular proteins has been recorded in cold-shocked and 338 diapausing D. melanogaster (Qin et al., 2005, Baker and Russell, 2009), after cold exposure in Aphidius 339 colemani (Colinet et al. 2007) and in overwintering Cucujus clavipes puniceus larvae (Carrasco et al., 340 2011). The changes in the expression of cuticular proteins with cold shock are currently unexplained, 341 and we suggest that establishing how the cuticle structure is modified by cold shock, whether Cpap3-d2 342 is responsible for these changes, and how this contributes to overall cold tolerance maybe profitable

343 344

345 **5 Conclusion**

avenues for future research.

346

347 *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2 regularly experiences sub-zero temperatures in the alpine environment. This
 348 study is the first to apply high-throughput sequencing and *de novo* transcriptome alignment to

349	specifically address the re-	ponse of a cold-hardy	insect species to low te	emperature. This method clearly

- 350 offers promise for future studies of cold tolerance in non-model organisms. In the current study RNA-
- 351 Seq was a more successful approach than screening for *a priori* genes from other species. This allowed
- us to identify three *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2 genes that responded to cold-shock, but had not been
- 353 identified as cold-responsive in other insects.
- 354
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- 362

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- 508 Figures

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507

- 510 **Figure 1:** Species distribution of the top BLASTx matches for each annotated contig from the *de* novo
- assembled *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2 transcriptome. Out of the 5,235 contigs, 2,060 (39 %) matched entries

in the non redundant protein (nr) database using Blast2GO (E-value cut-off < 1^{-10}).

513

514 **Figure 2:** Volcano plot showing relative mRNA abundances of each contig in the *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2

515 transcriptome between non cold-treated Individuals and those exposed to 0 °C for one hour, with a

516 further hour recovery (n = 2). Differential expression analysis was performed with an exact test

- 517 approach using edgeR with common dispersion. Grey points = contigs with *P*-value > 0.05, black points
- 518 = contigs with *P*-value <0.05. Shaded boxes represent areas with a significant *P*-value and at least a two-
- 519 fold change in mRNA abundance as a result of treatment. Contigs where expression is not recorded in
- 520 one of the treatments, resulting in an infinite fold change, are not plotted. The three contigs verified as
- 521 differentially expressed using qPCR are labelled: prolyl 4-hydroxylase subunit alpha-1 (P4HA1),
- 522 staphylococcal nuclease domain-containing protein 1 (*snd1*) and a cuticular protein analogous to
- 523 peritrophins 3-D2 (*Cpap3-d2*).

524	
525	Figure 3: Boxplots showing relative mRNA abundance from qPCR for each gene between non cold-
526	treated (white box plots) Micrarchus nov. sp. 2 individuals and those exposed to 0 °C for one hour, with
527	a further hour recovery (grey box plot) ($n = 3$). Boxplot pairs on a grey background represent the
528	reference genes used for normalisation of abundances between treatments. Boxplots on white
529	background in top panel depict differentially expressed genes identified from RNA-Seq data (Table 2).
530	Boxplots on white background in bottom panel shows a priori genes identified in previous studies
531	(Table 3). * = samples with significant t-test <i>P</i> -values (< 0.05) from natural log transformed relative
532	abundance values. Dark line indicates median, box represents 25 th and 75 th percentile with whiskers
533 534	representing maximum and minimum values.

Table 1: The number of raw 454 sequences obtained for each *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2 cDNA library, its
treatment, and the percentage used in the final *de novo* transcriptome alignment. Raw data was
submitted to the National Centre for Biotechnology and Information (NCBI) with Sequence Read

538 Archive (SRA) submission number **<u>SRA057228</u>**.

Sample	Treatment	# Sequences	# Sequences in alignment
MMT016	Cold-shock	101,379	79,382 (78.3%)
MMT017	Cold-shock	107,242	81,039 (75.6%)
MMT018	Control	160,584	124,300 (77.4%)
MMT019	Control	154,915	118,845 (76.8%)
MMT086	Control	44,480	
MMT0135	Cold-shock	38,632	08,779 (82.8%)
	Total:	607,232	472345 (77.8%)

542 **Table 2:** Differential expression analysis results for the top ranked up-regulated genes in response to 543 cold-shock from Micrarchus nov. sp. 2 RNA-Seq data. The relative mRNA abundances between 544 individuals exposed to 0 °C for one hour, with a further hour recovery, were compared to non cold-545 treated individuals (n = 2). Contigs were ranked by *P*-value/Likelihood depending on which analysis was 546 used, boxes shaded grey are non-significant results. Three exact test approaches (edgeR with common 547 dispersion, edgeR with tagwise dispersion and DESeq) and two Bayesian methods (baySeq with and 548 without contig length) were performed. All top four ranked contigs for each analysis shown were 549 selected for validation using qPCR (n = 11 due to redundancy between results).

550

Contig	Results	edgeR	edgeR	DESeq	baySeq	baySeq
		(common	(tagwise		(without	(with
		dispersion)	dispersion)		length)	length)
snd1	Rank	22	1	1	859	2
	Result	4.98E-03	3.08E-04	5.37E-03	0.066	0.816
C-01744	Rank	37	30	29	3**	33
	Result	1.68E-02	1.87E-02	1.53E-01	0.715	0.517
Cpap3-d2	Rank	46	4	21	1	4**
	Result	1.90E-02	3.88E-03	1.10E-01	0.815	0.774
P4HA1	Rank	47	7	24	2	1
	Result	2.19E-02	5.12E-03	1.23E-01	0.803	0.871
Copia	Rank	9	23	4	28	47
	Result	2.47E-03	1.43E-02	3.65E-02	0.463	0.617
cadn*	Rank	1	2	2	186	77
	Result	1.72E-04	7.79E-04	6.49E-03	0.207	0.352
csde1	Rank	21	3	8	10	6
	Result	4.74E-03	3.48E-03	5.22E-02	0.602	0.729
<i>C</i> -04525	Rank	29	22	20	4**	3**
	Result	7.94E-03	1.27E-02	1.03E-01	0.709	0.780
SF3a	Rank	2	5	3	551	55
	Result	5.12E-04	3.88E-03	1.57E-02	0.109	0.422
restin	Rank	3	11	7	515	37
	Result	2.52E-02	8.73E-03	4.50E-02	0.115	0.485
thil*	Rank	4	6	6	95	23
	Result	1.80E-03	4.88E-03	4.46E-02	0.295	0.585

551

Full contig BLAST annotations are: *snd1* = staphylococcal nuclease domain-containing protein 1, *C-01744* = non annotated contig 01744, *Cpap3-d2* = Cuticular protein analogous to peritrophins 3-D3, *P4HA1* = Prolyl 4-hydroxylase subunit alpha-1, *Copia* = Copia protein, *cadn* = neural cadherin, *csde1* = cold shock domain-containing protein e1, *C-04525* = non annotated contig 04525, *SF3a* = Spliceosome associated protein and *restin* = restin. Rank of contig out of: 1,186 for edgeR with common dispersion, 1,188 for edgeR with tagwise dispersion, 1,292 for DESeq and 1,145 for both baySeq analyses. Results show *P*-value for edgeR & DESeq, likelihood for baySeq. * = contig not used in subsequent qPCR analysis due to non-specific amplification of target DNA. ** = in the top four up-regulated genes for baySeq analyses, but the robust approach means the likelihood value is

559 non-significant.

- **Table 3**: The eight *a priori* candidate genes for qPCR analysis present in the *Micrarchus* nov. sp. 2
- transcriptome that have been previously identified in low temperature studies as having a role in cold
- tolerance. All genes/proteins were shown to be up-regulated in response to low temperature except for
- *glna2* (gene product up-regulated) and *pgi* (genotype, not regulation, affects cold stress resistance).

Gene		Species
atpa	ATP synthase subunit alpha	Sarcophaga crassipalpis (Li and Denlinger, 2008)
glna2	glutamine synthetase 2	S. crassipalpis (Michaud and Denlinger, 2007)
hsp70	heat shock protein 70	Aphidius colemani (Colinet et al., 2007)
hsp90	heat shock protein 90	Drosophila melanogaster (Qin et al., 2005)
NDUFA	NADH: ubiquinone dehydrogenase	<i>Oryza sativa*</i> (Yan <i>et al.,</i> 2006)
pgi	phosphoglucose isomerase	<i>Melitaea cinxia</i> (Kallioniemi and Hanski, 2011), Lycaena tityrus (Karl et al., 2008), Chrysomela aeneicollis (Rank et al., 2007)
dcam	S-adenosylmethionine decarboxylase proenzyme	<i>Vaccinium corymbosum*</i> (Rowland <i>et al.,</i> 2008)
sahha	S-adenosyl-l-homocysteine hydrolase a	Homo sapiens* (Zieger et al., 2011)

* = are genes from species that are not insects. These genes were selected for qPCR analysis as they were also in the top 10 %
 of up-regulated contigs in the RNA-Seq data (ranked by *P*-value from the edgeR with tagwise dispersion)



Figure 1



Figure 2



Figure 3

SwissProt database unless otherwise stated.

Annotation (e-value < 1 ⁻¹⁰)	Primer	Sequence (5' - 3')
atp synthase subunit alpha	atpa_F1	TCGAGCGCGAGTTCCTCCAA
(atpa)	atpa_R1	TTGCCCTCCTTCGCGATGCT
Paramyosin long form	mysp1_F1	TGCTTGGCGCGGATAAGCGA
(mysp1)	mysp1_R1	AGGCAGCTACAAGAACAGGAGGGC
glutamine synthetase 2 cytoplasmic	glna2_F1	TCTTCGCGCATCGCCTTGGT
(glna2)	glna2_R1	TCGTGGTGACCTTCGACCCCAA
s-adenosylmethionine decarboxylase proenzyme	dcam_F1	CACGTTTGACCTGTTCATACCAGCG
(dcam)	dcam_R1	ACCAATGAGAGGGACAGCAAGAACA
heat shock protein 90	hsp90_F1	CATGCGGCCAGGATATACCGCA
(hsp90)	hsp90 _R1	AGCATCCTCGCCTTCCGCTT
staphylococcal nuclease domain-containing protein 1	snd1_F1	TCGCAAAAGCTCGCACCGCT
(snd1)	snd1_R1	TGTGCCTCTCTCCCTTCAGGCT
heat shock protein 70	hsp70_F1	GGGGATGGTGGTGTTGCGCTTT
(hsp70)	hsp70_R1	GCCATCTTGGCTGGCGACAAGT
elongation factor 1-alpha 2	ef1a2_F1	TCTCTGCCCTGCCGACTGTCAT
(ef1a2)	ef1a2_R1	ACCGGCCTTTCCTGCGAAACT
Unannotated contig01744	C-01744_F1	TGCGAAGACAAGCTTTAGAGACCGT
(C-01744)	C-01744_R1	ACCCTCTTAAGGACGAGCGCCA
s-adenosyl-l-homocysteine hydrolase a	sahha_F1	GCTGCCTGCAGCGCATTTATGG
(sahha)	sahha_R1	TGTTGGCGGGAAAGGTGGCA
glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase 2	g3p2_F1	ACCGTCCCTCCACAACTTGCCA
(g3p2)	g3p2_R1	TGGCACCACTTGCCAAGGTCA
Unannotated contig01822	C-01822_F1	AGGTGAAGCCGAAAGGTTGGCA
(C-01822)	C-01822_R1	AGGACTGCGAAATCGTCCTCC
Phosphoglucose isomerase	pgi_F1	ACTACGCCACAGGCCCCATAGT
(pgi)	pgi_R1	TGGTGGATCAGCTGGTAGAAGGC
Unannotated contig02740	C-02740_F1	AGATGGTTACACATGCCACACCCAA
(C-02740)	C-02740_R1	ACAGGCAAGGGTGTGTTGCCA
Unannotated contig02855	C-02855_F1	AGCCTTGACACCACTCCTTCCAAC
(C-02855)	C-02855_R1	TGAAGACTGCGGGTGAGCTGT
probable alpha-ketoglutarate-dependent dioxygenase	alkb5_F1	TCGTTTCGACAGTTGCGACCCA
(alkb5)	alkb5_R1	TGACCGGGCCCCTCTTAGAAACA

cold shock domain-containing protein e1	csde1_F1	TTGTCGCCAGAACGCAGGGT
(csde1)	csde1_R1	AACCGCGGGGAGTGCTTCTT
Unannotated contig04525	C-04525_F1	TGCTTTGGAGGCGGGCTTGT
(C-04525)	C-04525_R1	CGGCAACAGCGAAGTGCTGA
nadh: ubiquinone dehydrogenase (BLAST x / nr)	NDUFA1_F1	TGTCTTGGGAGTTGCTTTGAAGTGG
(NDUFA1)	NDUFA1_R1	GGACACGGTGGTACTGTGTTTGACA
Tribolium castaneum spliceosome associated protein	SF3a_F1	GGCTGGCCAAAGAAGCCAAGGA
mrna (BLAST n / <i>nr</i>) (S <i>F3a</i>)	SF3a_R1	TTGCTGCAGTTGGCGTGGCT
restin	restin_F1	TCCACCAGCCTCTGCAAGTCCT
(restin)	restin_R1	TGACGCGTGCTGCCAGTCAA

Supplementary material - File B – Contigs from Micrarchus nov. sp. 2 transcriptome used for qPCR analysis

	Selected ¹	Contig Length (bp)	BLASTx against nr database	E-Value	BLASTn against nr database	E-Value	BLASTx against SwissProt database	E- Value	MMT16 (cold- shock) Counts ²	MMT17 (cold- shock) Counts ²	MMT18 (control) Counts ²	MMT19 (control) Counts ²	qPCR one- tailed t- test <i>P</i> - value
P4HA1	DE	755	Prolyl 4-hydroxylase subunit alpha-1 [Acromyrmex echinatior]	3.21E-120	PREDICTED: Nasonia vitripennis prolyl 4- hydroxylase subunit alpha- 2-like (LOC100116138), mRNA	3.45E-105	Prolyl 4-hydroxylase subunit alpha-1; Short=4-PH alpha-1; AltName: Full=Procollagen- proline,2-oxoglutarate-4- dioxygenase subunit alpha-1	5.78E- 91	17	14	2	3	3.27E-02
snd1	DE	2383	ebna2 binding protein p100	0.0E+00	strongylocentrotus purpuratus staphylococcal nuclease domain containing 1 mrna	1.5E-61	snd1_ponab ame: full=staphylococcal nuclease domain-containing protein 1 ame: full=100 kda coactivator ame: full=p100 co-activator	0.0E+00	93	33	12	13	6.51E-03
C-04525	DE	441	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	9	8	1	0	3.65E-01
Cpap3- d2	DE	1333	Nasonia vitripennis cuticular protein analogous to peritrophins 3-D2 (Cpap3-d2), mRNA	1.13E-160	cuticular protein analogous to peritrophins 3-D2 precursor [Tribolium castaneum]	6.68E-120	NA	NA	17	15	3	2	4.69E-02
csde1	DE	568	cold shock domain- containing protein e1- like isoform 3	1.2E-36	acyrthosiphon pisum cold shock domain-containing protein e1- transcript variant 3 mrna	1.9E-65	csde1_human ame: full=cold shock domain-containing protein e1 ame: full=n-ras upstream gene protein ame: full=protein unr	2.1E-11	30	7	3	2	2.01E-01
Copia	DE	724	hypothetical protein TcasGA2_TC015470 [Tribolium castaneum]	4.34E-72	Medicago truncatula chromosome 8 clone mth2-182015, complete sequence	4.48E-12	Copia protein; AltName: Full=Gag-int-pol protein; Contains: RecName: Full=Copia VLP protein; Contains: RecName: Full=Copia protease	1.57E- 38	43	0	3	2	4.91E-01
C-01744	DE	1461	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11	10	3	1	4.69E-01
restin	DE	285	restin (reed-steinberg cell-expressed intermediate filament- associated protein)	3.3E-18	NA	NA	NA	NA	30	0	2	0	3.83E-01
SF3a	DE	357	NA	NA	tribolium castaneum spliceosome associated protein mrna	5.2E-13	NA	NA	0	28	0	1	6.15E-02
cadn	DE	637	cadherin- isoform h	1.7E-39	acyrthosiphon pisum neural-cadherin-like mrna	9.7E-51	cadn_drome ame: full=neural-cadherin ame: full=cadherin-n short=dn- cadherin flags: precursor	2.0E-31	2	33	1	0	NA*
thil							thil_mouse ame: full=acetyl-						

	DE	328	acetoacetyl- thiolase	2.1E-27	tetraodon nigroviridis full- length cdna	8.6E-29	mitochondrial ame: full=acetoacetyl- thiolase flags: precursor	2.5E-25	4	18	0	1	NA*
atpa	a priori	1938	atp synthase subunit mitochondrial	0.0E+00	drosophila erecta gg22793 (dere\gg22793) mrna	0.0E+00	atpa_drome ame: full=atp synthase subunit mitochondrial ame: full=protein bellwether flags: precursor	0.0E+00	66	61	76	61	3.63E-01
glna2	a priori	4702	glutamine synthetase 2 cytoplasmic	5.7E-159	drosophila erecta gg18416 (dere\gg18416) mrna	2.0E-158	glna2_drome ame: full=glutamine synthetase 2 cytoplasmic ame: full=glutamateammonia ligase 2	2.4E- 149	70	85	48	48	2.46E-01
dcam	a priori	3811	s-adenosylmethionine decarboxylase proenzyme	4.4E-144	pediculus humanus corporis s- adenosylmethionine mrna	7.4E-49	dcam_drome ame: full=s- adenosylmethionine decarboxylase proenzyme short= etdc short=samdc contains: ame: full=s- adenosylmethionine decarboxylase alpha chain contains: ame: full=s- adenosylmethionine decarboxylase beta chain flags: precursor	1.1E- 104	121	140	16	72	5.02E-02
hsp70	a priori	2264	heat shock protein 70	0.0E+00	drosophila melanogaster heat shock protein cognate 4 (hsc70-4) transcript variant mrna	0.0E+00	hsp7d_manse ame: full=heat shock 70 kda protein cognate 4 short=hsc 70-4	0.0E+00	253	294	308	258	2.48E-01
sahha	a priori	1453	s- adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase	0.0E+00	tetraodon nigroviridis full- length cdna	0.0E+00	sahha_xenla ame: full=adenosylhomocysteinase a short= cyase a ame: full=s- adenosyl-l-homocysteine hydrolase a	0.0E+00	27	33	15	10	4.02E-01
pgi	a priori	902	phosphoglucose isomerase	2.4E-175	drosophila sechellia gm20655 (dsec\gm20655) mrna	1.7E-163	g6pi_droya ame: full=glucose-6-phosphate isomerase short=gpi ame: full=phosphoglucose isomerase short=pgi ame: full=phosphohexose isomerase short=phi	1.7E- 168	3	7	2	4	1.47E-01
NDUFA1	a priori	428	nadh:ubiquinone dehydrogenase	1.4E-33	NA	NA	NA	NA	13	7	3	1	9.65E-02
hsp90	a priori	2608	heat shock protein 90	0.0E+00	locusta migratoria heat shock protein 90 complete cds	0.0E+00	hs90b_horse ame: full=heat shock protein hsp 90-beta	0.0E+00	62	47	43	43	4.47E-01
alkb5	Counts	704	probable alpha- ketoglutarate- dependent dioxygenase abh5	7.9E-55	xenopus laevis alkylation repair homolog 5 mrna	9.5E-39	alkb5_xenla ame: full=probable alpha- ketoglutarate-dependent dioxygenase abh5 ame: full=alkylated dna repair protein alkb homolog 5	1.4E-53	8	9	2	1	2.50E-01
mysp1	Reference	3708	long form-like	0.0E+00	nasonia vitripennis long	0.0E+00	mysp1_drome ame: full=	0.0E+00	1275	1142	1477	1074	NA

					form-like mrna		long form						
efia2	Reference	1989	elongation factor 1- alpha	0.0E+00	drosophila melanogaster elongation factor 1alpha48d transcript variant mrna	0.0E+00	ef1a2_drome ame: full=elongation factor 1- alpha 2 short=ef-1-alpha-2	0.0E+00	327	333	350	369	NA
g3p2	Reference	1433	glyceraldehyde-3- phosphate dehydrogenase	0.0E+00	oncometopia nigricans glyceraldehyde-3- phosphate dehydrogenase complete cds	0.0E+00	g3p2_drome ame: full=glyceraldehyde-3- phosphate dehydrogenase 2 ame: full=glyceraldehyde-3- phosphate dehydrogenase ii short=zandh ii	0.0E+00	86	70	87	83	NA

Selected¹ = Selected for qPCR from the differential expression analysis (DE), from the literature (*a priori*) or the by eye from the raw counts (Counts)

Counts² = edgeR quantile corrected counts used for differential expression analysis

* = not use for qPCR analysis due to non-specific amplification of target DNA based on melt curve s

	le C - Sigr	ificant expression results												
ontig	Lengt	(Blastx (nr)	£-value	Blastn (nr) E-value	Blastx (SwissProt) E-value	Quantile r MMIT16	MilT17 M	eR court MT18	MMT19 Regulation	common Dispension edgeR P-value	Tagwise Dispension edgeR P-value	DESeq Pvalue	bayleq (Likelhood)	including contig length baySeq (Likelihood)
otig01320_isotig01	12:693	-NA-	NA	NA	NANA	0	2	1	85 Downregulated	5.525-06	4.765-05	1.475-02	non-significat	non-significat
olig00225 olig02018	1098	-NA-	1.75-29 NA	-NA	cadn_drome ame: full 2:06-31	0	22 0	8	0 Upregulated 19 Downregulated	1.995-04	2.335-04	6.495-03 non-significat	non-signifincat non-signifincat	non-signifinaat
otig05226 otig02239	357 956	NA	NA	tribolium castaneum s525-13 NANA	NA	0	28	0 6	1 Upregulated 14 Downregulated	5.125-04 5.245-04	3.885-03	1.575-02 non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
otig01954	1159	cral trio domain-containing protein	5.16-42	drosophila mojavensiz).5E-110	NA	0	-	9	3 Downregulated	8.925-04	2.725-03	non-significant	non-significat	non-signifincat
01005555	285	reatin (reed-steinberg cell-expresse	d135-18	-NANA-		30	6	2	15 Downregulated 0 Upregulated	1.475-03	8.735-03	4.505-02	non-significat	non-signifincat
otig01081_isotig01	10(528	-NA- aretharetid, thirdase	NA	-NANA- tetrandro nimmuisidia 9.65.09	NA	0		0	16 Downregulated	1.585-03	1.135-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
01002147	1001	neurogenic locus notch-like protein	p466-107	apis mellifera hypothe1.75-75	notc3_human ame: fu125-22	20	2	1	1 Upregulated	1.805-03	6.045-03	non-significant	non-significat	non-signifincat
rig00004	256	hydroxycynyyate isomerase	195-19	bombus terrestris hyds36-11	vobm ecoli ame: full=2.05-13	-	14	0	0 Upreguided	2.136-03	1.205-02	ton-significat	non-significat	non-significat
6g05454	317	-NA-	NA	-NANA-		1	14	0	0 Upregulated	2.135-03	1.225-02	non-significant	non-significat	non-signifincat
6g05676	192	-NA-	NA	-NANA-	NA	26	ě	2	0 Upregulated	2.575-03	1.665-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
1g05606 1g03297	261	-NA- cytochrome p450 6a1	136-25	NANA	codi1 blage arre: full 125-19	2	19 20	1	1 Upregulated 1 Upregulated	2.876-03	8.885-03	non-signification	non-significat	non-significat
ig03759	548	NA	NA	NANA	NA	- ÷.	7	٥	0 Upregulated	2.916-03	9.185-03	non-significat	non-significat	non-signifincat
ig02/386	882	camp-responsive element-binding 2	1116-44	tribolium castaneum c3.66-32	crbl2_mouse ame: full4:36-28	0	6	4	10 Downregulated	2916-03	7.645-03	non-significat	non-significat	non-signifincat
ig04682	427	-NA- basic chilinges 2.2	NA 155-198	-NANA- muse ab arrun chiting (C.12)	NA	10	5	0	0 Upregulated	2.915-03	1.015-02	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat
g04455	449	viral a-type inclusion protein repeat	1.55-11	NANA	NA	12	2	0	0 Upregulated	2.916-03	1.075-02	non-significant	non-significat	non-signifincat
ig04239	472	-NA-	128-113 NA	-NANA-		÷.	5	0	0 Upregulated	4.045-03	1.565-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
ig02044 ie05372	1069	zinc finger bed domain-containing p neural wisknth-althirth sundrome	1175-26	-NANA- anonhalas namhiae no 15.11	NA	0		2	10 Downregulated	4.045-03	1.645-02	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat
g04258	475	NA	NA	NANA	NANA	20	4	1	2 Upregulated	4.695-03	9.845-03	non-significant	non-signifinaat	non-signifincat
g03626 g01497	2383	cold shock domain-containing prote ebna2 binding protein p100	0.05+00	acyrthosiphon pisum (1.96-66 strongylocentrotus pu1.96-61	cade1_human ame: h216-11 and1_ponab_ame: full=106+00	20 93	22	3	2 Upregulated 13 Upregulated	4.745-03	3.485-03	son-significat 5.375-03	non-significat	non-significat
g01284_isotig01	1211045	dlp_locmi ame: full= defense protei	n 3.25-25	-NANA-	dfp_locmi ame: full= d106-36	24	58	37	238 Downregulated	5.175-03	3.615-03	3.965-02	non-significat	non-signifincat
g04478	447	NA	NA	-NANA-	NA	10	2	6	0 Upregulated	5.665-03	2.655-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
g05246 g05509	354	nab-like protein 3 NA	225-51	-NA	rabi3_chick ame: full=8.06-41	10	2	1	 Upregulated Downregulated 	5.665-23	2.655-02	non-signification	non-significat	non-significat
g04177	485	PREDICTED: hypothetical protein L	£4.65-13	NANA	NA	11	1	0	0 Upregulated	5.665-03	3.265-02	non-significant	non-significat	non-significcat
g00672 g05057	380	-NA-	NA	NANA		12	-	0	0 Upregulated	5.665-03	4.565-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
g05461	315	-NA-	NA	NANA	NA	0	12	0	0 Upregulated	5.665-03	4.115-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-signifincat
g04525	441	NA	NA	-NANA-	NA			1	0 Upregulated	7.945-03	1.275-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
g02922 g03603	706	isoform a	2.75-26 NA	NA	pg12a_mouse ame: fi18E-14 NA	13	4	1	0 Upregulated 2 Downregulated	7.845-03	2.295-02 2.805-02	non-significati	non-significat	non-signifincat non-signifincat
g04892	400	NA	NA	NANA	NA	0		**	0 Downregulated	8.075-03	4.745-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-signifincat
905165	364	PREDICTED: hypothetical protein I	(575-38	PREDICTED: Apis mi1.96-12		0	ň	0	0 Upregulated	8075-03	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
ig05171 ig05628	365 248	NA	NA	NANA NANA	NANA	0	11	0	0 Upregulated 0 Upregulated	8075-02	non-signification-signification	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
g02225	964	glucose dehydrogenase	\$55-47	NANA	chgl_drops arre: full=245-56	0	1	8	6 Downregulated	1.045-02	1.825-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
g0+d55 g01999	405	geg protein ribosome-binding protein 1	1.45-12 3.25-46	tribolium castaneum 17.55-11	gag_drome ame: tull+325-13 rrbp1_mouse ame: ful735-11	19	1	2	o Upregulated 2 Upregulated	1.125-02	3.135-02 1.715-02	non-significati non-significati	non-signifincat non-signifincat	non-signifincat non-signifincat
g03491	585	heterotrimeric g protein alpha subu	18.25-00	anopheles gambiae p2.95-120	gnao_locmi ame: full+345-96	0		*	2 Downregulated	1.176-02	4.075-02	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat
g02759	753	hypothetical protein TSTA_040370	1116-31	soldosporium apiospio.06+00	NA	0	÷	0	 Downregulated Downregulated 	1.176-02	non-significat	-un-egnificat	non-significat	non-significat
g02086 g02848	1043 724	retrotransposon protein mitochondrial ribosomal	2.05-45	eucalyptus grandis col.cl-co	NA	0	1	0 7	10 Downregulated 7 Downregulated	1.175-02	non-significat 3.215-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
902160	997	NA	NA	NANA	NANA	1	÷	6	8 Downregulated	1.396-02	3.405-02	non-significant	non-signifinaat	non-significant
g03478	1023 591	-NA-	1.16-122 NA	-NA		1	1	10	4 Downregulated 0 Upregulated	1.396-02	2.806-02 4.936-02	non-signification	non-significat non-significat	non-signifincat non-signifincat
g01744	1461		NA	-NANA-	NA	11	10	2	1 Upregulated	1.685-02	1.875-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
902726	763	microtubule-associated protein 2	6.15-66	nasonia vibipennis mi1.05-67	map4_rat ame: full=m336-14	1	39	1	7 Upregulated	1.685-02	8.425-03	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
g03372 g03383	609 603	-NA- noi1 nop2 sun domain family	NA 2.55-19	NANA NA	NA	0		5 5	4 Downregulated 4 Downregulated	1.725-02 1.725-02	4.5%-02	non-significati non-significati	non-signifinaat non-signifinaat	non-significat
g03804 c04762	539	mitochondrial ribosomal protein s33	225-41	anopheles gambiae p7.65-26	rt33_mouse ame: full+176-24	0	2	5	4 Downregulated	1.725-02	4.5%-42	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat
904424	455	-NA-		-NANA-		0	ě	2	7 Downegulated	1.725-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
ig06331	338	egl nine homolog 1-like	175-63	nasonia vibripennis eg235-64	egin3_human ame: fu125-55	0		2	7 Downregulated 8 Downregulated	1725-02	non-significant	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat
g04517	443	charged multivesicular body protein	1115-00	culex quinquefasciatus 86-21	chmp5_drome ame: fi£75-14		÷	8	1 Downregulated	1725-02	non-significant	non-significant	non-significat	non-signifincat
g04985 g04534	440	-NA-	4.15-45 NA	NANA	NANA	0	÷	1	8 Downregulated	1726-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat	non-signifincat
g01107	453	NA	NA 646-17	-NANA- dmanchila ananassast 15.07	NANA relsa derena amar fulla (C.10	0		1	8 Downregulated 8 Downregulated	1725-02	non-significant	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat
g04952	391	-NA-	NA	NANA	NANA	0	ō		0 Downregulated	1725-02	non-significant	non-significant	non-signifinaat	non-signifincat
g04294 g04233	386	NA	NA	NANA	NANA	0		0	8 Downregulated 8 Downregulated	1725-02	non-signification	non-signification	non-significat	non-significat
905496	307	-NA-	NA	NA	NA	0		0	8 Downregulated	1725-02	non-significat	non-significant	non-significat	non-signifincat
g05648	219	NA	NA	-NANA-	NA	ő	ě	0	8 Downregulated	1725-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
ig01723	1516	programmed cell death protein 7	875-43	NA	pdcd7_human ame: fr725-34	1		11	6 Downregulated	1785-02	1.035-02	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat
ig00883	563	NA	NA	-NANA-	NANA	0	1	9	3 Downregulated	1.865-02	6.235-02	non-significant	non-significat	non-signifincat
g00093 g03514	434	NA	NA	NANA	NANA	10		0	1 Upregulated 1 Upregulated	1.865-02	4.955-02	non-signification	non-significat	non-significat
g04294	470	-NA-	NA	NA	NANA	2	10	0	1 Upregulated	1.865-02	non-significat	non-significant	non-significat	non-signifincat
g04963	391	-NA-	NA	-NANA-		14		0	1 Upregulated	1.865-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
ig01822 ic00164	1333	-NA- hundhetical conserved contain	NA 105-11	-NANA- ordus himarulatus db 15-11		17	15	2	2 Upregulated 13 Downwooisted	1.905-02	3.885-03	non-significant	0.814504763	0.774129535
g02740	755	NA	NA	NANA	NA	17	14	2	3 Upregulated	2.195-02	5.125-03	non-significat	0.803313794	0.87143672
g02425	870	Apolipophorin (Acromyrmex echinal	te3.25-50	-NANA-	aplp_locmi ame: full+s125-12	- 1	12	1	2 Upregulated	2,285-02	4.035-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-signifinaat
g02197 c02420	973 873	ma polymenase conserved twoothetical contain [Aie	245-34	NA	Lucks ame: full=ma-c676-36 unr89_casel ame: full116-11	0	1	7	5 Downregulated 5 Downregulated	2.525-02	4.835-02	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat
05438	321	-NA-	NA	NANA	NA	÷.	5	1	0 Upregulated	2.525-02	non-significant	non-significant	non-significat	non-signifincat
g00755	1387	lipophorin receptor	0.05+00	blattella germanica m0.06+00	ldr_rat ame: full=low-rase-roo	÷.		0	1 Upreguiated	2.525-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
g01743	1471	ma-dependent ma polymerase	375-44	NANA	Lrysv ame: full+ma-di24E-37	0	2	7	12 Downregulated	2.545-02	3.245-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-signifincat
g04255	473	NA	NA	NANA	NA	18	2	1	3 Upregulated	2.545-02	4.355-02	non-significant	non-signifinaat	non-signifincat
g02088 g04830	408	aldose reductase cometto cg32385-pa	126-192 586-13	Indium castaneum az s6-47	aldr_rat arre: hall+aldc125-121	0		4	 Downregulated Downregulated 	2.556-02 2.596-02	3.95E-03 non-significat	non-significati non-significati	non-signifinaat non-signifinaat	non-signifincat non-signifincat
g03167	652	NA	NA	NANA	NA	0		4	4 Downregulated	2.595-02	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
90338	519	NA	NA	-NANA-	NA	ő	ě.	5	3 Downregulated	2.595-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
g04431	451	aldehyde dehydrogenase mitochon small heat shock rentein	1154	nomascus leucogenyt1.12-64	al1a1_chick ame: full-S6E-41	2	21	2	5 Upregulated	2435-12	3.945-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
903294	-ood 624	-NA-	NA	-NANA-			ž	2	1 Upregulated	2,835-12	4.455-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
g05267 g05570	352 281	NA	NA	NANA NANA	NANA	1	0 10	1	4 Downregulated 2 Upmoubted	2 835-12	2.095-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
g04043	502	metalloprotease m41 ftsh	1.55-64	culex quinquefasciatus.SE-79	yme1_caeel ame: full 116-72	14	1	ż.	1 Upregulated	2 895-12	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
guo.313 g04683	343 423	-rea- serine threonine protein phosphate	NA H135-17	mus musculus proteina.s6-ea	2a5g_human ame: ful336-65	1	14	2	o Upregulated 0 Upregulated	2 805-02 2 805-02	non-significati non-significati	non-significati non-significati	non-signifincat non-signifincat	non-signifincat non-signifincat
g00351_isotig00	1582	-NA- mains must jully system 4	NA	NA	NA	15	41	5	10 Upregulated	2.865-02	5.875-03	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
02709	765	-NA-		NANA		5	23	7	89 Downregulated	3.455-12	3.845-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
guur396 g02507	1022 842	PRELINCTED: similar to P59H6.5, p zinc finger protein on ecdysione out	ar 1.66-60 fa 2.36-65	arapidopsis thaliana c17E-18 gryllus bimaculatus gt13E-12	pri_numan ame: full+3.25-12 NANA	1	1	6	 Downregulated Downregulated 	3.455-02 3.455-02	non-signification	non-signification	non-signifinaat non-signifinaat	non-signifincat non-signifincat
g00833_isotig00	106:1007	-NA-	NA	al297109helicoverps 2.06-17	-NA	0	1	4	7 Downegulated	3.455-02	non-significat	non-significant	non-significat	non-significat
g04577	431	-NA-		-NANA-		0	ĩ	ż.	9 Downegulated	3.455-12	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
06083	473 376	-NA-	4.15-15 NA			3	:	1	o upregulated 1 Upregulated	3.456-02	non-significati non-significati	non-signification	non-significat non-significat	non-signifincat non-signifincat
204728 205229	418	-NA- PREDICTED: hyrothetical rentrin 1	-NA-	NANA NA**	NANA	10	1	0	1 Upregulated 0 Upre-intent	3.455-02	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
05597	266	-NA-	NA	NANA	NA		11	÷	1 Upregulated	3.455-12	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat	non-significat
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