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Guide to cataloguing comic books and graphic novels

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VISITING THE LIBRARY

EVENTS

CONTACT US

Western Libraries > Research Guides > Cataloguing Comics & Graphic Novels > Introduction

Search Research Guides Search

Cataloguing Comics & Graphic Novels

Introduction

Basics

MARC Record

Glossary

References

Introduction

General Description

This guide has been prepared to assist and inform those wanting to understand how comic books and graphic novels are catalogued in Western Libraries, including their structure and terms that are used. Comic books and graphic novels have been incorporated into curriculum by some professors and provide a popular part of Western Libraries collection for students. This material serves the university on many levels including literary, cultural, artistic and political.

Thanks to donations from seven different donors over the past 15 years, Western Archives and Special Collections is currently working to organize an estimated 70,000 donated comic books (McInnes, 2022). In addition, the Pride Library, located inside the D.B. Weldon Library, also has a Queer Graphica Collection, thanks to donations from Mike Niederman and Joan Brennan. As for general circulation, items are spread across locations, in main and affiliate libraries, with most being found at the FIMS Grad Library, the Education Resource Center, and The D.B. Weldon Library. Most of this collection is available on the third floor of the D.B. Weldon Library in the PN6700s call number range.

However, because comic books and graphic novels are a format, not a genre, cataloguing and assigning call numbers often vary by library location.

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Resources

Because this guide is not able to fully capture every nuance that exist when cataloguing comic books and graphic novels, librarians are encouraged to used other resources to make decisions.

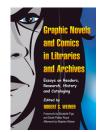
The following guide attempts to distill comic book cataloging best practices from several representative institutions, prepared by the Graphic Novels and Comics Round Table.

Best Practices for Cataloging Comics and Graphic Novels Using RDA and MARC21

Below are items available through the library's catalogue (OMNI) on the topic of comic books and graphic novels in the library, which chapters dedicated to the issue of cataloguing this material.

Ask a Librarian





Title: Graphic novels and comics in libraries and archives: essays on readers, research, history and cataloging

Author: Robert Weiner

Call number: **Z692.G7 G7 2010**



Title: Developing and promoting graphic novel collections

Author: Steve Miller

Call number: **Z692.G7 M55 2005**



Title: Graphic novels now: building, managing, and marketing a dynamic collection

Author: Francisca Goldsmith

Call number: **Z692.G7 G65 2005**



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RESEARCH SUPPORT

VISITING THE LIBRARY

EVENTS

CONTACT US

Western Libraries > Research Guides > Cataloguing Comics & Graphic Novels > Basics

Search Research Guides Search

Cataloguing Comics & Graphic Novels

Basics

Call Numbers

Western Libraries uses the Library of Congress Classification (LCC) system for their material in all locations. LCC's has the sub-class of Comic books, strips, etc. which falls under the call number range of PN6700-6790. This call number range is where the majority of comic books and graphic novel tend to be placed in most collections.

PN6244-6246	Literary extracts. Commonplace books
PN6249-6258	Ana
PN6259-6268	Anecdotes. Table talk
PN6269-6278	Aphorisms. Apothegms
PN6279-6288	Epigrams
PN6288.5-6298	Epitaphs
PN6299-6308	Maxims
PN6309-6318	Mottoes
PN6319-6328	Sayings, bon mots, etc.
PN6329-6338	Thoughts
PN6340-6348	Toasts
PN6348.5-6358	Emblems, devices
PN6361	Paradoxes
PN6366-6377	Riddles, acrostics, charades, conundrums, etc.
PN6400-6525	Proverbs
PN6700-6790	Comic books, strips, etc.

However, the sub-class of Comic books, strips, etc. can be paired with other key word terms (subject headings)

■ LCC Enhanced Browser Comic books, strips, etc. x Q Schedules -Book industries and trade-Bookselling and publishing-Special lines of business. A-Z-Comic books, strips, etc. Comic books, strips, etc Comic books, strips, etc. PN6231.C6116 HQ784.C6 Z5956.C6 Comic books, strips, etc. Comic books, strips, etc. (Z688.C64) Comic books, strips, etc. N8217.C475 [NC1764-1764.8] Comic books, strips, etc. [PN6700-6790] NC1849.C66 Comic books, strips, etc.

and thus varies the possible call numbers that can be used.

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Therefore, it is to the cataloguer's discretion on where to place a particular comic book or graphic novel. For ease of use and navigation of the library stacks it would be encouraged to keep most comic books and graphic novels within the PN6700-6790 call number range. For example, another location this type of material is sometimes placed is under the NC1300-1766 call number range for the sub-class of Pictorial humor, caricature, etc. This placement would split items between two floors with the D. B. Weldon Library. It may also not accurately describe the item since Pictorial humor, caricature, etc. generally refers to newspaper comics, as with the example below.



LISA HANAWALT

Title: Hot Dog Taste Test: A

Book

Author: Lisa Hanawalt

Call Number:

NC1429.H3243H68 2016



Title: The Sandman: Preludes &

Nocturnes

Author: Neil Gaiman

Call Number: PN6728.S26G35 v.1

1991

Building Call Numbers

Most of the comic books and graphic novels are cataloged under the PN6700-6790 range, depending on the nationality of the main author.



These items are further divided by either author, usually when it is a standalone or series with one primary author, or by series, when there are multiple authors.

Example 1:

The Sandman: Preludes & Nocturnes is an American series written by Neil Gaiman. The call number for the first volume is PN6728.S26G35 v.1 1991.



PN6728	American series
.S26	Series title (The Sandman)
G35	Main author of the first issue* (Gaiman, Neil)
v.1	Volume number**
1991	Date of publication

Example 2:

The stand-alone graphic novel SuperMutant Magic Academy is by Canadian illustrator Jillian Tamaki. The call number is PN6733.T34 S87 2015.

PN6733	Canadian creator
.T34	Author's last name (Tamaki, Jillian)
S87	Title of graphic novel
2015	Date of publication

^{*} This cutter number will be used for all subsequent issues, whether or not the author is still the main entry.

^{**} Volume number precedes publication date when the volumes in a series are published in different years. If all issues of a series are published in the same year, the volume number is listed after the publication date. The historical practice for classification was to differentiate series issues with the second cutter number however, we now differentiate issues with a volume number. When cataloging a series Western Libraries already owns, follow the classification used for the previous items in the series.

Library of Congress Subject Headings

Since call numbers can vary by cataloguer another point of access for comics books and graphic novels are Library of Congress Subject Headings.

The Subject Headings below show the variety of topics and therefore call number ranges that comic books and graphic novels can be placed.

General

- · Comic books, strips, etc.
- · Graphic novels
- Graphic novels United States

Libraries

- Libraries Special collections Comic books, strips, etc.
- Libraries Special collections Graphic novels

History and Criticism

- Comic books, strips, etc. History and criticism
- Graphic novels History and criticism

Authorship

- Comic books, strips, etc. Authorship
- Graphic novels Authorship

Bibliographical Methodology

- Comic books, strips, etc. Bibliography Methodology
- Graphic novels Bibliography
- Graphic novels Bibliography Methodology













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RESEARCH SUPPORT

VISITING THE LIBRARY

EVENTS

CONTACT US

Western Libraries > Research Guides > Cataloguing Comics & Graphic Novels > MARC Record

Search Research Guides Search

Cataloguing Comics & Graphic Novels

Introduction	
Basics	
MARC Record	
Glossary	
References	

MARC Record

MARC 21

Most of the cataloguing for comic books and graphic novels will have MARC 21 Records that are similar to other items in the collection. However, there are some unique considerations because of its format and the access points that are used to find this material. Below are a few explanations and examples of MARC 21 Records.

090 - Local Call Numbers

This field is for the call number used by the Western Libraries and the location of that item. Follows and overlaps with the 050 – Library of Congress Call Number field. Cataloguers should search for similar or duplicate call numbers in the Alma and if there is a discrepancy, edit the call number accordingly.

050 0 4 \$a [Classification number] \$b [Item number/second cutter]

100 - Personal Name

This is the field where the first author is listed.

100 \$c [Statement of Responsibility]

245 - Title Statement

This is the field where the title of the comic book or graphic novel should be placed. It can also include the principal author and principal artist/s.

245 \$a [Title] / \$c [Statement of Responsibility]

For comic books and graphic novels that are part of a series, the formation of 245 and 246 should be used.

245 1 0 \$a [Title of series]. \$n [Volume number], \$p [Volume Title] / \$c [Statement of Responsibility]

246 - Varying Form of Title

For comic books and graphic novels that are part of a series, the formation of 245 and 246 should be used.

246 3 0 \$a [Volume Title]

For comic books and graphic novels in a series if each issue has its own separate title, each volume should be cataloged with its own record. However, if the issues in a series are only separated by volume number, meaning that each issue does NOT have its own unique title, the series should be cataloged as a continuing resource.

If you are unsure if the comic book or graphic novel is the first in a series use Wikipedia, Amazon, or Google search. Alternatively, search for the author's name to see if a series is listed. If none exists, then assume it is a standalone comic book or graphic novel and catalog accordingly.

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260 - Publication, Distribution, etc.

This field is used for the name of the publisher. Often with comic books or graphic novels, readers will use publishers as an access point. Commonly at comic bookstores inventory is organized in stores by publishers.

260 0 0 \$a [Place of publication] \$b [Name of publisher, distributor] \$c [Date of publication]

500 - General Note

Comic books and graphic novels in a series are often purchased in volumes, which are a collection of smaller issues. Therefore, this information, usually found in the indica of the item should be place in this field.

500 0 0 \$a ["Contains material originally published in magazine form as TITLE #1-6" -- Indicia.]

490 - Series Statement

This field should only be added if the title of the series is not already stated in the 245 and 246 field.

650 - Subject Added Entry - Topical Term

This field is for the Library of Congress Subject Headings and works as an access point.

655 - Index Term - Genre/Form

This field is filled to indicate that this is a comic book or graphic novel and works as an access point.

655 0 7 \$a Comics (Graphic works) \$2 lcgft or 655 0 7 \$a Graphic novels. \$2 lcgft

700 - Added Entry - Personal Name

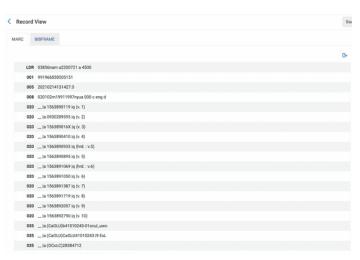
This field is used for the first artist listed if not already in 100 field.

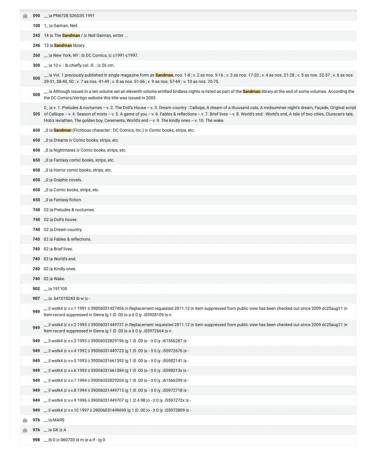
830 - Series Added Entry - Uniform Title

This field should only be added if the title of the series is not already stated in the 245 and 246 field.

Example Records

1. The Sandman by Neil Gaiman





2. SuperMutant Magic Academy by Jillian Tamaki

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		LDR	02008nam a2200421 a 4500	
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		005	20210218175959.0	
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		020	la 1770461981 q (pbk.)	
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	盒	090	_ la PN6733.T34S87 2015	
		100	1_ [a Tamaki, Jillian, d 1980- e author, e illustrator.	
		245	10 a SuperMutant Magic Academy / c Jillian Tamaki.	
		246	30 Ja Super Mutant Magic Academy	
		250	_ la First edition.	
		264	_1 a Montréal : b Drawn & Quarterly, c 2015.	
		264	_4 c 02015	
		300	la 274 pages : b chiefly illustrations ; c 22 cm	
336 _ la text b txt 2 rdacontent 336 _ la still image b sti 2 rdacontent		336	ja text jb txt j2 rdacontent	
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			a unmediated b n 2 rdamedia	
		338	la volume (b nc 2 rdacarrier	
		520	_ is "SuperMutant Magic Academy is a prep-school for mutants and witches but their paranormal abilities take a back seat to everyday teen or headed Trixie frets about her nonexistent modeling career; in another, the immortal Everlasting Boy tries to escape this mortal coil to no avail.	
		650	_0 a Teenagers v Comic books, strips, etc.	
		650	_0 a Private schools v Comic books, strips, etc.	
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Last Updated: Mar 30, 2023 10:17 AM Print Page Tags: archival literacy, archives and special collections













Go



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VISITING THE LIBRARY

EVENTS

Western Libraries > Research Guides > Cataloguing Comics & Graphic Novels > Glossary

Search Research Guides Search

Cataloguing Comics & Graphic Novels

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Glossary

Comics books

Also known as just a comic or floppy, is a bound collection of comic strips, usually in chronological sequence, typically telling a single story or a series of different stories. They can be published as an ongoing series, a limited series, or as a one shot.

Graphic Novels

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Usually used to refer to book-form comics, although this usage is not consistent. The decision between the title of comic book versus graphic novel is done by the publisher but are used interchangeably.

Sequential art

Used synonymously with comics and coined and popularized by Will Eisner.

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Webcomics

Webcomics, comics published on the Internet since the beginning of the 21st century. Webcomics can incorporate multimedia elements, such as sound, animation and scrolling panels.

Manga

The Japanese word for comic book and is used in North America for translated reprints of Japanese comics, or North America comics that are strongly influenced by the Japanese style.

Bandes dessinées (BD)

The French term for comic books and is used to refer to Franco-Belgian comics.

Cartoonist

Also known as a comic strip creator, can refer to the person who does most or all of the art duties, and frequently, but not always, implies that the artist is also the writer.

Writer

Also called a scripter, plotter or author, this person scripts the work, which may include the plot, dialogue, and action, so that the artist can interpret the story into visuals for the reader.

Artist

The artist is the person who handles the visuals. This job may be broken down further into several other people.

Penciller

The person responsible for the basic artwork for a page, deciding on panel placement and the placement of figures and settings in the panels, the backgrounds and the characters' facial expressions and poses.

Inker

The inker, or sometimes known as the finisher, completes the pencilled artwork using ink and a pen or brush to create a high-contrast image for photographing and printing.

Colourist

The person responsible for adding colours to the finished artwork.

Letterer

Usually separate from the writer, this is the person who fills, or even places, speech balloons and captions with the dialogue and other words. Letterers can also provide the lettering for sound; however, this is more often done by the artist.











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Events

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RESEARCH SUPPORT

VISITING THE LIBRARY

EVENTS

CONTACT US

Search Research Guides

Search

Western Libraries > Research Guides > Cataloguing Comics & Graphic Novels > References

Cataloguing Comics & Graphic Novels

Introd	ucti	on
Basics		

MARC Record

Glossary

References

References

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