

# Music Education and Reading Education: How to Connect Them?





Andrée Lessard, Ph.D. Candidate in Education, University of Ottawa u Ottawa Supervised by Jonathan Bolduc, Ph. D., University of Ottawa

#### Context

- While many students have difficulty to read at the onset of the elementary level, recent researches demonstrate the beneficial role of musical education on the development of written language<sup>2, 4, 6, 8-11, 14</sup>.
- Correlational studies show an undeniable link between music learning and reading learning, but its nature (causal or not) is still unclear<sup>1, 3, 7, 12-13</sup>.



#### Research Question

What are the effects of two programs (reading only and music-reading) on the development of reading and musical abilities of second grade students?



#### General Methodology

- Quasi-experimental design with pretest and post-test
- Three conditions:
  - Control group (no specific intervention)
  - Reading Only group (three 45-60 minutes lessons every 2 weeks)
  - Music-Reading group (three 45-60 minutes lessons every 2 weeks)



### Specific Question

How to include efficiently music components inside a reading instruction program for second graders?



#### Components of the Music-Reading Program

- Music objectives :
  - Rhythmic Discrimination and Reproduction
  - Melodic Discrimination and Reproduction
- Reading objectives:
  - Fluency, Vocabulary, Syntax, Decoding and Comprehension

#### General Characteristics of Music-Reading Program

- Each lesson has a theme linking music and reading activities.
  - Ex.: Friendship, Winter Activities, Easter, Animals...
- Each lesson includes 1 or 2 reading objective(s) and 1 or 2 music objective(s).
  - Ex.: Reading Comprehension, Melodic Discrimination and Reproduction
- Each lesson includes music activities based on the Orff approach.
  - Ex.: Rhythmic plays, nursery rhymes, songs.
- Most lessons are based on a children's literature book.



## Music-Reading Lesson Example: Scary Things

- Objectives: Vocabulary, Decoding / Rhythmic Discrimination and Reproduction
- Opening: Rhythmic play with different body parts (fingers, hands, knees and feet) using the same patterns of the nursery rhyme.
- Development: Reading of *Grand Corbeau* <sup>5</sup> with a discussion on the meaning of difficult words in relation to the story.
- Reinvestment: Learning of a nursery rhyme using difficult words of the book. Integration of a verbal and rhythmic ostinato.



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