Western University Scholarship@Western

Department of English Presentations

English Department

2008

Teaching Research on Course Related Activities in First-Year English Literature

Elan Paulson The University of Western Ontario, epaulso@uwo.ca

Follow this and additional works at: https://ir.lib.uwo.ca/englishpres



Part of the English Language and Literature Commons

Citation of this paper:

Paulson, Elan, "Teaching Research on Course Related Activities in First-Year English Literature" (2008). Department of English Presentations. 1.

https://ir.lib.uwo.ca/englishpres/1

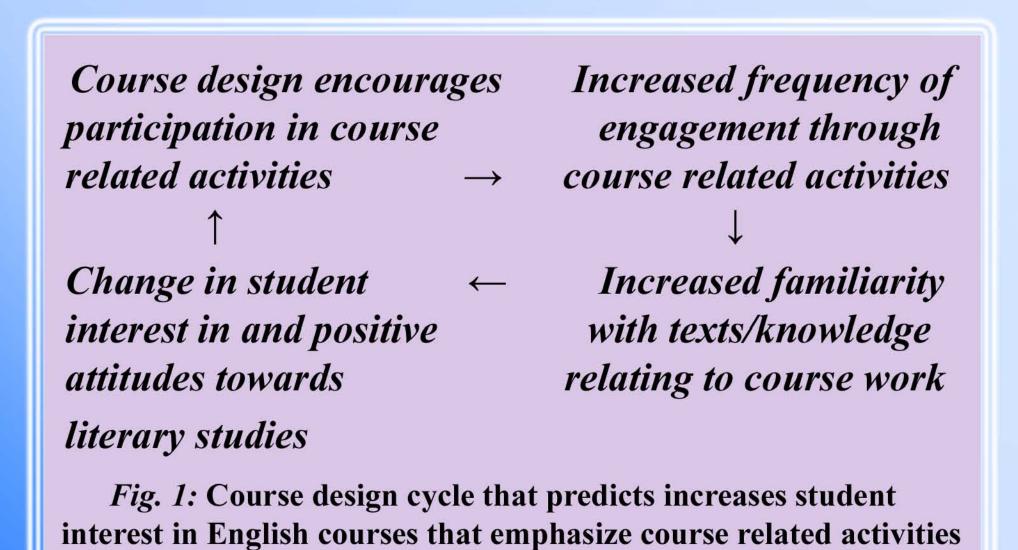
TEACHING RESEARCH ON COURSE RELATED ACTIVITIES IN FIRST-YEAR ENGLISH LITERATURE

ELAN PAULSON PhD CANDIDATE DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

- **♦ What is the impact of a course designed to promote** student engagement using course related activities?
- ♦ What is the effect of such a course design on the frequency of student engagement in those activities?
- ♦ What is the effect of such a course design, and subsequent engagement, on changes in students' attitudes towards, and interest in, English literary studies?

Course design refers to how the course readings and assignments are assigned and discussed. Course related activities refers to voluntary activities that supplement the course readings and assignments. For the purposes of this study, web-based resources are also considered to be course related activities because they are non-mandatory and access to them occurs outside of class time.



(PARTIAL) BIBLIOGRAPHY

Chickering, A.W., and L. Reisser (1993). Education and identity 2nd ed. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass. Dawson, T. (2001). IT in education today. IT and English Literature, 4(3), from http://www.cdtl.nus.edu.sg/brief/v4n3/sec3.htm George, P (2002). Multicultural co-curricular activities help unify schools. Education Digest, 68(1). Gibbs, G. (2000). Changing student learning behaviour outside of class. The Professional & Organizational Development Network in Higher

Education, from http://teaching.uchicago.edu/pod/pod2/99-00/Gibbs.htm Grayson, J.P. (1999). Using surveys to measure "value-added" in skills in four faculties. The Canadian Journal of Higher Education. Toronto, 29(1), 111. Hamilton, D. H. "Enhancing In-Class Learning Out of the Classroom: Using "Out-of-Classroom" Technology." Presentation at EDUCAUSE

Annual Conferences (2004), from http://connect.educause.edu/library/abstract/EnhancingInClassLear/38340?time=1188674545 Kuh, G. (1993). In their own words: What students learn outside the classroom. American Educational Research Journal, 30, 277-304 ---. et al. (1994). ERIC Clearinghouse on higher education Washington DC. George Washington Univ. Washington DC. Graduate School of Education and Human Development, from http://www.ericdigests.org/1996-4/student.htm

---., J. Schuh, E. Whitt et al. (1991). Involving Colleges: Successful Approaches to Fostering Student Learning and Development Outside the Kuh, G., Vesper, N., Connolly, M., & Pace, R. (1997). College student experiences questionnaire: Revised norms for the third edition.

Bloomington, IN: Center for Postsecondary Research and Planning.

Meyers, C. and T.B. Jones (1993). Promoting Active Learning. Strategies for the College Classroom. San Franscisco, CA: Jossey-Bass Inc. Prosser, M. and Trigwell, K. (1999). Understanding Learning and Teaching, on Deep and Surface Learning. Society for Research into

Two-Year College 30(1), 76-81.

Higher Education & Open University Press, chapter 4. Remler, N.L. (2002). The more active the better: Engaging college English students with active learning strategies." Teaching English in the

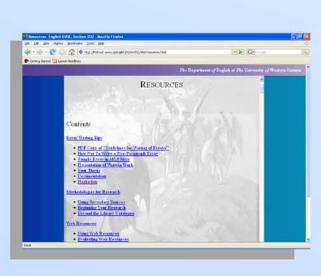
RESEARCH STUDY

Two 2007-8 ENGL 020E sections were designed to promote on-campus activities and web-based resources that are directly course related. At the end the Fall term, students completed an online survey in which they self-reported attitudes changes towards literary studies resulting from engagement in course related activities. Survey results that reveal some relation between course related activities and increased positive student attitudes towards literary studies (Fig. 1) may suggest the benefits of integrating course related and IT- based learning experiences into introductory English course design and the value of future research in this area.

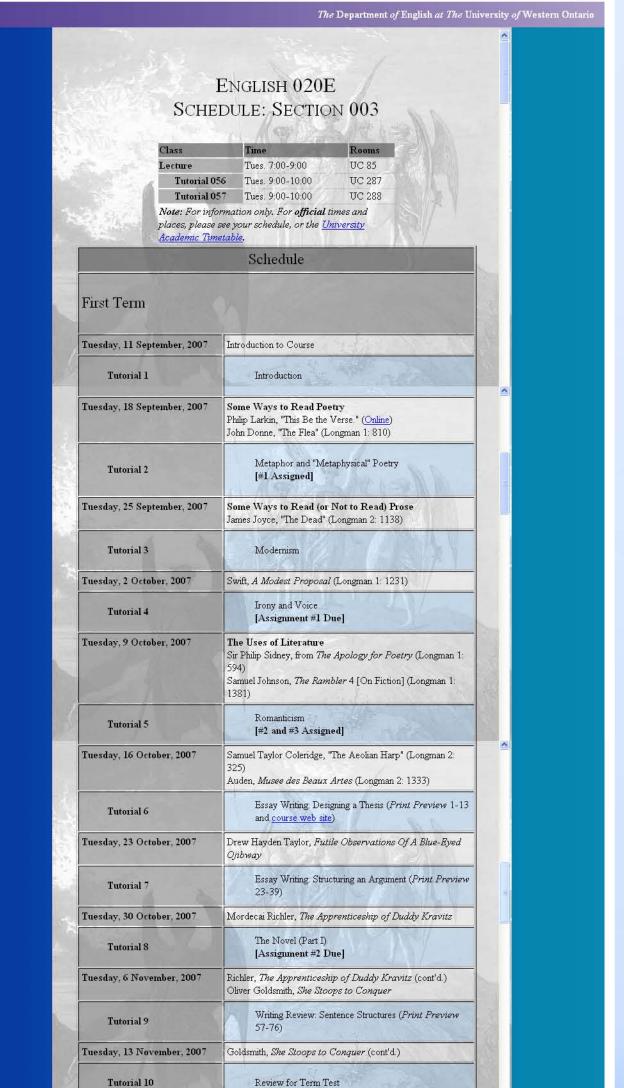
MARK MCDAYTER'S ENGL 020E COURSE SYLLABUS

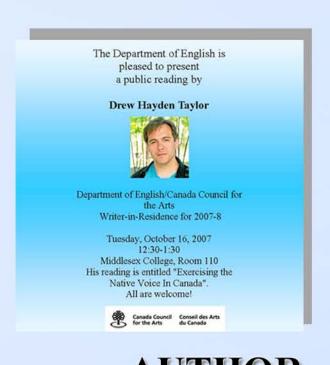


THEATRE **PERFORMANCE**



WEB RESOURCES





AUTHOR MEET/READING



FACEBOOK GROUP

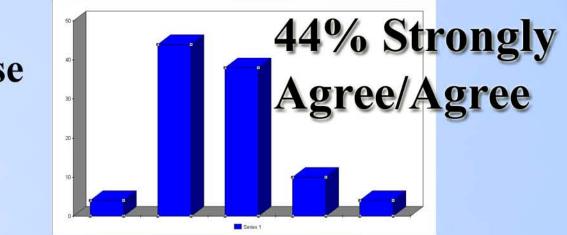
Western

PRELIMINARY FINDINGS*

♦ Online Survey, 27 Likert Scale Qs, 24% resp.rate (53/212)74% Strongly

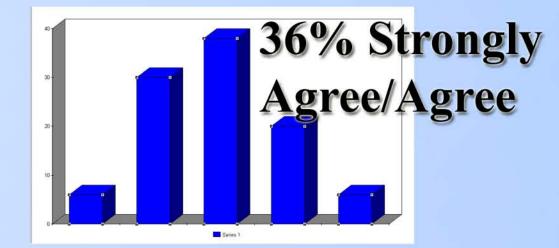
Q21. In the future I am likely to participate in voluntary activities that are directly related to my courses.

Q22. Overall, I would recommend ENGL 020E to others students because it encourages participation in course related activities:



Agree/Agree

Q23. Overall, I am more interested in studying literature now than when I started ENGL 020E as a result of the course related activities:



Q27. I am interested in taking another English literature course that promotes the following course related activities:

Author Meet/Reading	80%	Facebook Group	42%
Film Screening	78%	Poetry Reading	42%
Class Field Trip	70%	None - I would not take	
Theatre Performance	68%	another English course	8%
Web-CT	60%	None - I prefer in-class	
Web Resources	58%	learning only	0%

* Complete research findings will be presented at Western's April 2008 Teaching Research conference.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to thank Dr. Mark McDayter, Dr. Ken Meadows, Dr. Russell Poole, Veronika Bryśkiewicz, Patrick Casey, Eric Démoré, Kara Kennedy, Jeff King, Dr. Bethany White, Alisha Albert-Green, and Brennan Kahan for their academic support. This research was approved by the REB and made possible by an internal grant from the TSC's Small Grants Program.







The Department of English at The University of Western